Assignment 1: Due Wednesday the 31<sup>st</sup>. Note that these problems should be typed.

1) Prove the first half of 25.1.c. Type up your solution and turn it in.

2) Find a chain of 1000 subgroups (similar to the slide earlier in this presentation)

3) Prove the uniqueness of the identity (or inverses if you like) without using cancelation.

Assignment 2: Due Monday the 26<sup>th</sup>.

1) Is this a group? The set of all functions from  $\{A, B, C\}$  to  $\{A, B\}$  under composition. Why or why not? 2) Find all the subgroups of  $\mathbb{Z}_{16}$  and draw a diagram illustrating their containment.

Assignment 3: Mini-project. Presentations on Wednesday the 28<sup>th</sup>.

Tell us everything you can about your group. (5-10 minute presentation using the whiteboards)

- D<sub>2·6</sub>
- $GL_2(\mathbb{R})$
- $GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_2)$
- **Z**<sub>15</sub>
- $\mathbb{Q}_{=8} \coloneqq \{\pm 1, \pm i, \pm j, \pm k\}$  such that  $i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = -1$ , ij = -ji = k, jk = -kj = i, and ik = -ki = j
- They set  $\mathbb{Z}_6 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$  under addition such that the first component is computed mod 6, and the second component is computed mod 2. For example (2,1) + (3,1) = (5,0).
  - The set of all bijective functions on {*A*, *B*, *C*} under composition.

Assignment 4: Note that this problem should be typed.

Let G be a group of order 15. Let H be a proper subgroup of G. Prove that H is cyclic.